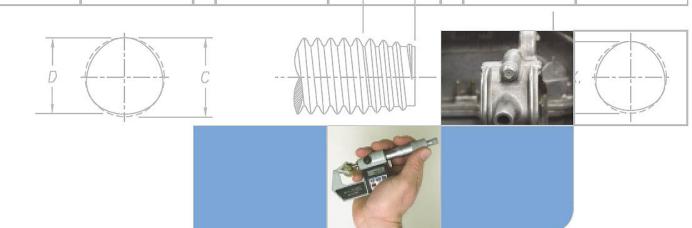
TAPTITE 2000[®] THREAD ROLLING FASTENERS







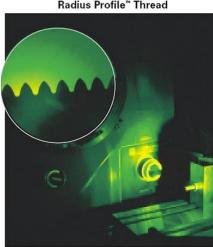
Leaders in Lowering the Cost of Assembly

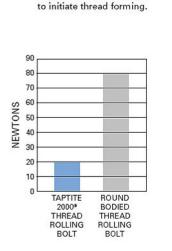
TAPTITE 2000[®] Screws and Bolts



TAPTITE 2000[®] thread forming technology joins two unique concepts and advances fastener performance to new levels. TAPTITE 2000[®] fasteners afford end-users with enhanced opportunities to reduce the overall Cost of Assembly.

TAPTITE 2000[®] fasteners are designed to provide the benefits of prior TAPTITE[®] fastener products with an innovative new thread design - the **Thread**. The proven TRILOBULAR[™] Radius Profile[™] principle is maintained while incorporating the Radius $Profile^{M}$ thread. The result is a new generation of TAPTITE 2000[®] fasteners, which provides excellent mechanical, assembly, and ergonomic characteristics surpassed by no other technology.



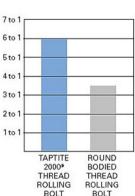


Lower Starting End Load

TAPTITE 2000® fasteners

require low axial end load

Higher Fail to Drive Ratio The higher, more uniform, fail to drive ratio of TAPTITE 2000® bolts provides a built-in safety factor against over-torquing.



	Attribute	Function
	Increased out of round of point threads	Low thread forming torque
		Resists vibrational loosening
	TRILOBULAR™ body	Provides prevailing torque
		Allows deep thread engagements
]	Reduced out of round on thread body	Provides high axial pull-out loads similar to that achieved using machine screws & bolts

NOTE: End load and fail to drive ratio graphs shown are based on average results recorded when testing an M8 x 1.25 in unthreaded steel weld nuts having a 7.45mm diameter hole.

TAPTITE 2000[®] HEAT TREATMENT

TAPTITE 2000[®] bolts perform well in large diameter sizes in deep thread engagements. In the past, the limitations of case-hardened products restricted the exploitation of in-place cost savings for larger diameter TRILOBULAR™ fasteners. However, TAPTITE 2000[®] screws and bolts are available with 3 different types of heat treatment: CORFLEX[®]-'I', CORFLEX[®]-'N', and case hardened, making the fasteners adaptable to a wider variety of applications.

CORFLEX®-'I' Heat Treatment - CORFLEX® -'I' TAPTITE 2000[®] bolts are neutral hardened to grade strength, metric 8.8, 9.8, 10.9 or any intermediate value. The thread forming zone is selectively induction hardened in order to form threads in untapped nuts. CORFLEX®-'I' heat treatment allows TAPTITE 2000® thread rolling bolts to provide in-place cost savings in large structural applications with strength, ductility and toughness equal to grade strength machine screws or bolts. CORFLEX[®] -'I' heat treatment to Grade 10.9 level is standard for TAPTITE 2000[®] bolts in sizes M6 (1/4") and larger.

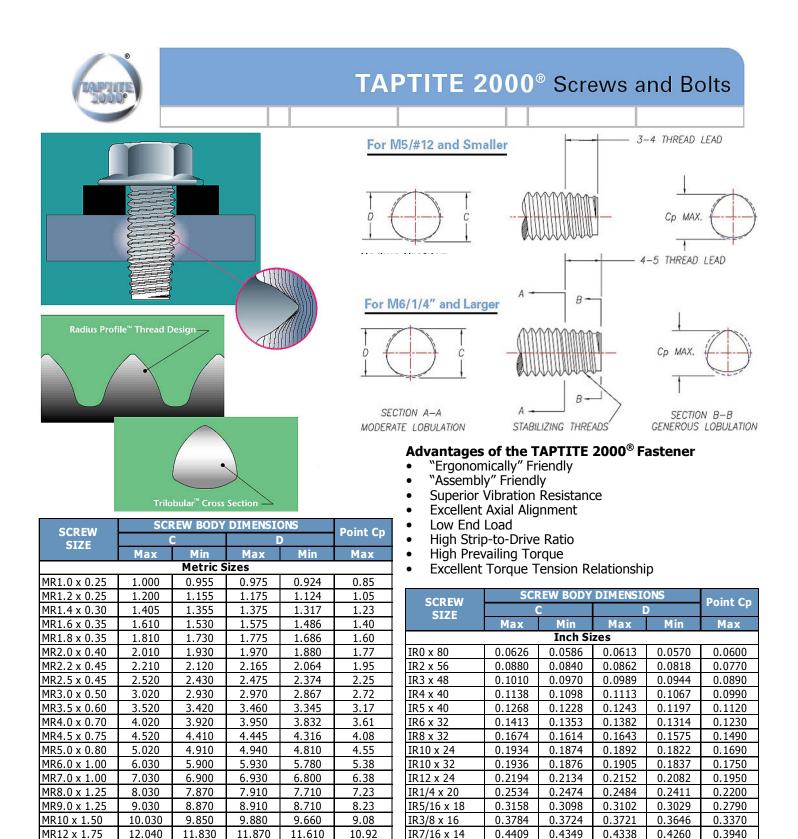


CORFLEX[®] -'N' Heat Treatment - CORFLEX[®] -'N' TAPTITE 2000[®] fasteners are neutral hardened to grade 10.9 strength level. CORFLEX[®] -'N' products are designed to be used in "soft white" metals such as aluminum or zinc alloys. CORFLEX[®] -'N' heat treatment can be specified for any size TAPTITE 2000[®] screws or bolts that are intended to be used in aluminum or zinc alloys.

Case Hardening - Case hardening is the standard heat treatment for all TAPTITE 2000[®] screws in sizes M5 (#12) and smaller.

HEAT TAILORED FOR EXTRA TOUGHNESS - Pin-point precision of high hardness zone in axial section of a CORFLEX-'I' fastener is shown by the crescent shaped areas in this chemically etched mount.

Radius Profile[™] Thread



Length Tolerance - Metric per ANSI B18.6.7M							
Nominal Screw Length Tolerance on Length							
to 3mm inclusive	±0.2						
over 3 to 10mm inclusive	±0.3						
over 10 to 16mm inclusive	±0.4						
over 16 to 50mm inclusive	±0.5						
over 50mm	±1.0						

13.840

15.840

17,790

19.790

13.560

15.560

17.450

19.450

12.77

14.76

16.46

18.45

IR7/16 x 20

IR1/2 x 13

IR9/16 x 12

IR5/8 x 11

0.4412

0.5033

0.5668

0.6294

Nominal Screw Length

over 1/2" to 1" inclusive

over 1" to 2" inclusive

to 1/2" inclusive

over 2"

0.4520

0.4973

0.5588

0.6214

Length Tolerance - Inch per ANSI B.18.6.3

0.4362

0.4956

0.5585

0.6203

#0 - #12

+0, -.020

+0, -.030

+0, -.060

+0, -.090

Nominal Screw Size

Tolerance on Length (inches)

0.4289

0.4877

0.5484

0.6100

1/4" - 1/2

+0, -.030

+0, -.030

+0, -.060

+0, -.090

MR14 x 2.00

MR16 x 2.00

MR18 x 2.50

MR20 x 2.50

14.040

16.040

18.040

20.040

13.810

15.810

17.760

19.760

0.4070

0.4530

0.5110

0.5690

TAPTITE 2000° Screws and Bolts

Recommended pilot hole sizes for TAPTITE 2000[®] Screws and Bolts at various percentages of thread engagement

Metric Sizes (mm)

					F	PERCENT	THREAD)		N	<i>1</i> 2			
NOMINAL SCREW SIZE	100	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35
					F	PILOT HO	LE SIZES	5						
M2.5 x 0.45	2.21	2.22	2.24	2.25	2.27	2.28	2.29	2.31	2.32	2.34	2.35	2.37	2.38	2.40
M3 x 0.5	2.67	2.69	2.71	2.72	2.74	2.76	2.77	2.79	2.80	2.82	2.84	2.85	2.87	2.90
M3.5 x 0.6	3.11	3.13	3.15	3.17	3.19	3.21	3.23	3.25	3.27	3.29	3.30	3.32	3.34	3.36
M4 × 0.7	3.54	3.57	3.59	3.61	3.64	3.66	3.68	3.70	3.73	3.75	3.77	3.79	3.80	3.84
M4.5 x 0.75	4.01	4.04	4.06	4.09	4.11	4.13	4.16	4.18	4.21	4.23	4.26	4.28	4.30	4.33
M5 x 0.8	4.48	4.51	4.53	4.56	4.58	4.61	4.64	4.66	4.69	4.71	4.74	4.77	4.79	4.82
M6 x 1.0	5.35	5.38	5.42	5.45	5.48	5.51	5.54	5.58	5.61	5.64	5.67	5.71	5.74	5.77
M7 x 1.0	6.35	6.38	6.42	6.45	6.48	6.51	6.54	6.58	6.61	6.64	6.67	6.71	6.74	6.77
M8 x 1.25	7.19	7.23	7.27	7.31	7.35	7.39	7.43	7.47	7.51	7.55	7.59	7.63	7.67	7.72
M10 x 1.5	9.03	9.07	9.12	9.17	9.22	9.27	9.32	9.37	9.41	9.46	9.51	9.56	9.61	9.66
M12 x 1.75	10.86	10.92	10.98	11.03	11.09	11.15	11.20	11.26	11.31	11.37	11.43	11.49	11.55	11.60

Thread

Rolling

Effect

Thread

Cutting

Effect

Inch Sizes (inches)

		PERCENT THREAD												
NOMINAL SCREW SIZE	100	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50	45	40	35
		2.9		e	F	PILOT HO	LE SIZES	;						Ur.
2-56	0.0744	0.0750	0.0756	0.0761	0.0767	0.0773	0.0779	0.0785	0.0790	0.0796	0.0802	0.0808	0.0814	0.0819
3-48	0.0855	0.0861	0.0868	0.0875	0.0882	0.0888	0.0895	0.0902	0.0909	0.0916	0.0922	0.0929	0.0936	0.0943
4-40	0.0958	0.0966	0.0974	0.0982	0.0990	0.0998	0.1006	0.1014	0.1023	0.1031	0.1039	0.1047	0.1055	0.1063
5-40	0.1088	0.1096	0.1104	0.1112	0.1120	0.1128	0.1136	0.1144	0.1153	0.1161	0.1169	0.1177	0.1185	0.1193
6-32	0.1177	0.1187	0.1197	0.1207	0.1218	0.1228	0.1238	0.1248	0.1258	0.1268	0.1278	0.1289	0.1299	0.130
8-32	0.1437	0.1447	0.1457	0.1467	0.1478	0.1488	0.1498	0.1508	0.1518	0.1528	0.1538	0.1549	0.1559	0.1569
10-24	0.1629	0.1643	0.1656	0.1670	0.1683	0.1697	0.1710	0.1724	0.1738	0.1751	0.1765	0.1778	0.1792	0.180
10-32	0.1697	0.1707	0.1717	0.1727	0.1738	0.1748	0.1758	0.1768	0.1778	0.1788	0.1798	0.1809	0.1819	0.182
12-24	0.1889	0.1903	0.1916	0.1930	0.1943	0.1957	0.1970	0.1984	0.1998	0.2011	0.2025	0.2038	0.2052	0.206
1/4-20	0.2175	0.2191	0.2208	0.2224	0.2240	0.2256	0.2273	0.2289	0.2305	0.2321	0.2338	0.2354	0.2370	0.238
5/16-18	0.2764	0.2782	0.2800	0.2818	0.2836	0.2854	0.2872	0.2890	0.2908	0.2926	0.2944	0.2963	0.2981	0.2999
3/8-16	0.3344	0.3364	0.3384	0.3405	0.3425	0.3445	0.3466	0.3486	0.3506	0.3527	0.3547	0.3567	0.3588	0.360
7/16-14	0.3911	0.3934	0.3957	0.3980	0.4004	0.4027	0.4050	0.4073	0.4096	0.4120	0.4143	0.4166	0.4189	0.421
1/2-13	0.4500	0.4525	0.4550	0.4575	0.4600	0.4625	0.4650	0.4675	0.4700	0.4725	0.4750	0.4775	0.4800	0.482

EXAMPLE - The shaded area indicates that an M5 - 0.8 screw size in a 4.58 hole size provides 80% thread engagement. Because the above values are based on a linear relation between hole size and percentage thread engagement, the hole data becomes less accurate for engagements less than 70%.

Pilot Hole Tolerance - in terms of radial thread engagement, min hole = nominal hole + 10%, max hole = nominal - 5%.

Example: M8 - 1.25 in 6.0mm thick steel, nominal hole = 70% thread (7.43mm) per page 5 table. Min. hole = 80% thread (7.35mm), max hole = 65% thread (7.47mm).







Recommended pilot hole sizes for TAPTITE 2000[®] Screws and Bolts in steel nut members

Metric Sizes (mm)

Application Duty Class	0.3 Dia	Light meter of N	laterial		edium-Lig meter of N			dium-Hea meter of I			ull Strengt meter of M			Extended meter of N	laterial
Percentage of Thread		90%			80%			70%			65%		60%		
Nominal Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Dril Size
M2.5 x 0.45	0.5-0.9	2.24	2.25	0.9-1.5	2.27	#43 2.26	1.52.1	2.3	2.3	2.1-2.7	2.31	2.3	2.7-3.5	2.32	2.3
M3 x 0.5	0.5-1.1	2.71	#36 2.71	1.1-1.7	2.74	2.75	1.7-2.7	2.77	7/64 2.78	2.7-3.3	2.79	7/64 2.78	3.3-4.0	2.8	2.8
M3.5 x 0.6	0.6-1.4	3.15	1/8 3.18	1.4-2.0	3.19	3.2	2.0-2.9	3.23	3.25	2.9-3.8	3.25	3.25	3.8-4.5	3.27	#3 3.2
M4 × 0.7	0.8-1.4	3.59	3.6	1.4-2.4	3.64	#27 3.66	2.4-3.3	3.68	3.7	3.3-4.4	3.7	3.7	4.4-5.5	3.73	#2 3.7
M4.5 x 0.75	0.9-1.7	4.06	#21 4.04	1.7-2.7	4.11	4.1	2.7-3.9	4.16	4.2	3.9-4.9	4.18	4.2	4.9-6.4	4.21	4.:
M5 x 0.8	1.0-2.1	4.53	4.5	2.1-2.9	4.58	#15 4.57	2.9-4.4	4.64	#14 4.62	4.4-5.9	4.66	4.65	5.9-7.1	4.69	4.
M6 x 1.0	1.2-2.4	5.42	#3 5.41	2.4-3.6	5.48	5.5	3.6-4.9	5.55	7/32 5.56	4.9-6.9	5.58	5.6	6.9-8.1	5.61	5.
M7 x 1.0	1.4-2.4	6.42	6.4	2.4-4.4	6.48	6.5	4.4-6.5	6.55	F 6.53	6.5-7.7	6.58	6.6	7.7-9.5	6.61	6.
M8 x 1.25	1.6-3.1	7.27	7.25	3.1-4.9	7.35	L 7.37	4.6-6.9	7.43	7.4	6.9-8.9	7.47	M 7.49	8.9-10.9	7.51	7.
M10 x 1.5	1.9-3.9	9.12	23/64 9.1	3.9-5.9	9.22	9.25	5.9-8.3	9.32	9.3	8.3-10.9	9.37	U 9.35	10.9-12.9	9.41	9.
M12 x 1.75	2.4-4.9	10.98	11.0	4.9-7.4	11.09	7/16 11.11	7.4-10.5	11.2	7/16 11.11	10.5-14.5	11.26	11.3	14.5-17.0	11.31	11

Inch Sizes (inches)

Application Duty Class	0.3 Dia	Light meter of N	laterial		ledium-Lig Imeter of N			edium-Hea Imeter of I			ull Strengt meter of N		1.25 Dia	Extended meter of N	Naterial
Percentage of Thread		90%			80%			70%			65%		60%		
Nominal Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size	Material Thickness	Pilot Hole	Drill Size
2-56	.017034	0.0756	1.9mm 0.0748	.034052	0.0767	1.95mm 0.0763	.052073	0.0779	5/64 0.0781	.073095	0.0785	#47 0.0785	.095169	0.0790	2mn 0.078
3-48	.020040	0.8680	2.2mm 0.0866	.040059	0.0882	#43 0.089	.059084	0.0895	#43 0.089	.084110	0.0902	2.3mm 0.0906	.110141	0.0909	2.3m 0.090
4-40	.022045	0.0974	#40 0.098	.045067	0.0990	#39 0.0995	.067095	0.1006	#39 0.0995	.095126	0.1014	#38 0.1015	.126157	0.1023	2.6m 0.090
5-40	.025051	0.1104	2.8mm 0.1102	.051075	0.1120	#33 0.113	.075106	0.1136	#33 0.113	.106141	0.1144	2.9mm 0.1142	.141175	0.1153	2.9m 0.11
6-32	.028066	0.1197	#31 0.120	.066083	0.1218	3.1mm 0.122	.083117	0.1238	1/8 0.125	.117152	0.1248	1/8 0.125	.152193	0.1258	3.2m 0.12
8-32	.033066	0.1457	3.7mm 0.1457	.066098	0.1478	3.75mm 0.1476	.098141	0.1498	3.8mm 0.1496	.141-1.80	0.1508	3.8mm 0.1491	.180230	0.1518	#24 0.15
10.24	.038079	0.1656	#19 0.166	.079114	0.1683	#18 0.1695	.114162	0.1710	11/64 0.1719	.162209	0.1724	11/64 0.1719	.209266	0.1738	4.4m 0.173
10-32	.038079	0.1717	11/64 0.1719	.079114	0.1738	#17 0.173	.114162	.01758	#16 0.177	.162209	0.1768	#16 0.177	.209266	0.1778	4.5m 0.17
12-24	.043086	0.1916	#11 0.191	.086130	0.1943	#9 0.196	.130184	0.1970	5mm 0.1969	.184238	0.1984	#8 0.199	.238302	0.1998	5.1m 0.20
1/4-20	.050100	0.2208	#2 0.221	.100150	0.2240	5.7mm 0.2244	.150213	0.2273	#1 0.228	.213275	0.2289	5.8mm 0.2283	.275350	0.2309	5.8m 0.22
5/16-18	.062126	0.2800	7.1mm 0.2795	.126188	0.2836	7.2mm 0.2835	.188266	0.2872	7.3mm 0.2874	.266345	0.2890	L 0.29	.345438	0.2908	7.4m 0.29
3/8-16	.075150	0.3384	8.6mm 0.3386	.150225	0.3425	8.7mm 0.3425	.225319	0.3466	8.8mm 0.3465	.319413	0.3486	Size 0.348	.413525	0.3506	8.9m 0.35
7/16-14	.087174	0.3957	X 0.397	.174262	0.4004	X 0.397	.262371	.04050	Y 0.404	.371481	0.4073	13/32 0.4063	.481612	0.4096	13/3 0.40
1/2-13	.100200	0.4550	29/64 0,4531	.200300	0.4600	29/64 0.4531	.300425	0.4650	15/32 0.4688	.425550	0.4675	15/32 0.4688	.550700	0.4700	15/3 0,46

APPLICATION DUTY CLASS - A general term used here to group material thickness in terms of screw diameters. For example, the average material thickness listed under "medium-heavy" equals 75% of the screw diameter.

TAPTITE 2000° Screws and Bolts



+.125mm (+.005 in.) -.000

Recommended extruded pilot hole sizes in light-gauge steel for TAPTITE 2000[®] Screws and Bolts

Material Thickness	0.5 - 0.69	0.799	1.0 - 1.49	1.5 - 2.49	2.5 - 3.0
Screw Size		Hol	e Size Diamete	er - D	
M2.5 x .045	2.22	2.23	2.24	_	—
M3 x 0.5	2.70	2.71	2.72	_	-
M4 × 0.7	3.57	3.59	3.61	3.64	<u> </u>
M5 x 0.8	_	4.53	4.56	4.59	_
M6 x 1.0	_	5.42	5.45	5.48	5.51
M8 x 1.25	_	_	7.27	7.31	7.35

	Approximate Material Thickness "T"													
Metric	and the second				1.0 - 1.2 1.2 - 2.0			- 2.5	2.5	- 3.0				
Hole DiaD	Н	R	Н	R	Н	R	Н	R	Н	R				
2.00 - 2.55	1.00	0.13	1.00	0.13	1.00	0.15	1.10	0.25	_	_				
2.56 - 3.20	1.20	0.13	1.20	0.13	1.20	0.15	1.30	0.25	1.35	0.25				
3.21 - 3.80	1.35	0.13	1.35	0.13	1.35	0.15	1.50	0.25	1.60	0.25				
3.81 - 4.60	_	<u> </u>	1.50	0.13	1.55	0.15	1.80	0.25	1.90	0.25				
4.61 - 5.60	—	—	1.80	0.13	1.80	0.15	2.30	0.25	2.40	0.25				
5.61 - 6.60	—	—	—	—	1.90	0.15	2.55	0.25	2.65	0.25				
6.61 - 7.60	-	_	_	_	2.10	0.15	2.95	0.25	3.20	0.25				

Extruding holes for fasteners in light-gauge steel nearly doubles the length of thread engagement over the original material thickness.

D

H +1.00mm (+.040 in.)

W Min. = T/2 W Max. = 0.6T

> TAPTITE 2000[®] screws and bolts develop almost twice the failure torque in extruded holes, providing maximum joint integrity.

Example: The chart shows that for a M4 x 0.7 screw in a material thickness of 0.75mm the suggested hole diameter is 3.59mm. The corresponding "H" dimension is the 1.35mm minimum, making the total length of engagement 2.1mm minimum.

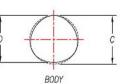
Inch Sizes (inches)

Material Thickness	.020029	.030039	.040059	.060099	.100130
Screw Size		Н	ole Size Diame	eter - D	
4-40	0.097	0.097	0.098	_	—
6-32	0.119	0.120	0.121	0.122	_
8-32	0.145	0.146	0.147	0.148	_
10-24	0.164	0.166	0.168	0.170	0.170
10-32	0.171	0.172	0.173	0.174	0.174
1/4-20		0.221	0.223	0.225	0.225
5/16-18	—		0.282	0.285	0.285

	Approximate Material Thickness "T"													
Inch	0.020	- 0.035	0.035 -	0.050	0.050	- 0.075	0.075	100	0.100	- 0.125				
Hole Dia. D	H	R	H	R	H	R	Н	R	Η	R				
.081100	0.040	0.005	0.040	0.005	0.040	0.006	0.043	0.010	<u> </u>					
.101125	0.047	0.005	0.047	0.005	0.047	0.006	0.052	0.010	0.054	0.010				
.126150	0.053	0.005	0.053	0.005	0.053	0.006	0.060	0.010	0.063	0.010				
.151180	<u></u>	-	0.060	0.005	0.060	0.006	0.070	0.010	0.075	0.010				
.181220	_	_	0.070	0.005	0.070	0.006	0.090	0.010	0.095	0.010				
.221260		_		_	0.075	0.006	0.100	0.010	0.105	0.010				
.261300	_	-	-	-	0.083	0.006	0.116	0.010	0.125	0.010				

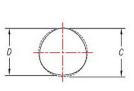


TAPTITE 2000® CA™ Fasteners

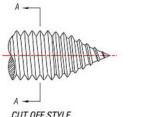


SECTION A-A

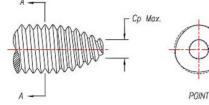
The CA point can be supplied with a sharp point or a slightly truncated blunt point - which is desirable for situations when the sharp point could be a potential hazard to wires, components or assembly line and service personnel.



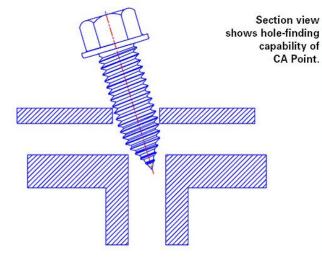
BODY SECTION A-A



CUT OFF STYLE SHARP POINT



NON-CUT OFF STYLE TRUNCATED POINT

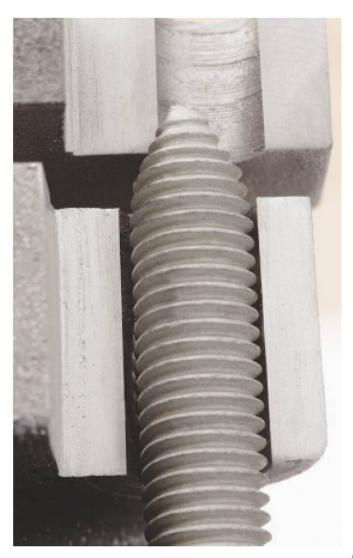


TAPTITE 2000 $^{\mbox{\scriptsize \$}}$ CA fasteners have a gimlet point for use when clearance holes and pilot holes do not align.

The CA point is also good for rapid hole finding, floating nut members or difficult access applications.

TAPTITE 2000[®] CA fasteners can be produced with any of our heat treatment processes; case hardened - our standard heat treatment for sizes M5 (#12) or smaller, CORFLEX[®]-`I' induction hardened for structural or demanding applications or CORFLEX[®]-`N', neutral hardened non-ferrous applications.

See page 2 for a more detailed description of the available heat treat options.

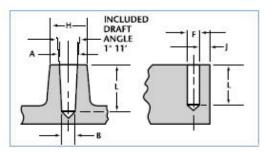




Recommended pilot hole sizes for Aluminum or Zinc Alloy die castings for TAPTITE 2000[®] "SP"[™] Fasteners

Screw		Hole Diam	eter as Cast		F Hole Dia.	L Length	H Boss	J Distance to
Size	Το	pp A	Bott	om B	as Drilled	of Thread Engagement	Dia.	Edge for No Measurable Distortion
	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.			Min.	Min.
Metric Sizes	(mm)							
M2 x 0.40	1.91	1.83	1.81	1.73	1.82	4.00	3.32	1.0
M2.5 x 0.45	2.39	2.31	2.28	2.20	2.29	5.00	4.15	1.2
M3 x 0.5	2.90	2.82	2.76	2.68	2.77	6.00	4.98	1.3
M3.5 x 0.6	3.31	3.23	3.21	3.13	3.23	7.00	5.81	1.6
M4 x 0.7	3.82	3.74	3.64	3.56	3.68	8.00	6.64	1.8
M5 x 0.8	4.80	4.72	4.58	4.50	4.64	10.00	8.30	2.1
M6 x 1.0	5.74	5.66	5.48	5.40	5.54	12.00	9.96	2.6
M7 x 1.0	6.78	6.70	6.48	6.40	6.54	14.00	11.62	2.6
M8 x 1.25	7.69	7.61	7.35	7.27	7.43	16.00	13.28	3.3
M10 x 1.5	9.64	9.56	9.22	9.14	9.32	20.00	16.60	3.9
M12 x 1.75	11.59	11.51	11.09	11.01	11.20	24.00	19.92	4.6
Inch Sizes (in	ches)	-	•	~			-	
2-56	0.081	0.078	0.077	0.074	0.0779	0.172	0.197	0.046
3-48	0.093	0.090	0.088	0.085	0.0895	0.198	0.208	0.054
4-40	0.105	0.102	0.099	0.096	0.1006	0.224	0.220	0.065
5-40	0.118	0.115	0.112	0.109	0.1136	0.250	0.232	0.065
6-32	0.128	0.125	0.122	0.119	0.1238	0.276	0.242	0.081
8-32	0.155	0.152	0.148	0.145	0.1498	0.328	0.272	0.081
10-24	0.177	0.174	0.168	0.165	0.1710	0.380	0.315	0.108
10-32	0.182	0.179	0.174	0.171	0.1758	0.380	0.315	0.081
12-24	0.203	0.200	0.194	0.191	0.1970	0.432	0.359	0.108
1/4-20	0.235	0.232	0.224	0.221	0.2273	0.500	0.415	0.130
5/16-18	0.297	0.294	0.284	0.281	0.2872	0.625	0.519	0.144
3/8-16	0.359	0.356	0.343	0.340	0.3466	0.750	0.623	0.162
7/16-14	0.419	0.416	0.400	0.397	0.4050	0.875	0.726	0.186
1/2-13	0.481	0.478	0.460	0.457	0.4650	1.000	0.830	0.200

The minimum length of thread engagement should be equal to twice the diameter of the screw (to approach utilizing available screw strength). The hole diameter, to ensure optimum performance, should provide for 65% to 75% thread engagement.



NOTE: "SP"™ designates Short Point

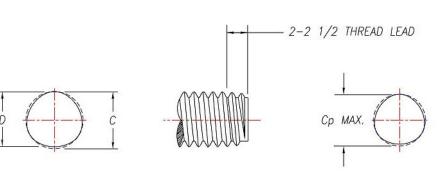


TAPTITE 2000[®] "SP"[™] Fasteners

TAPTITE 2000[®] "SP"[™] fasteners have a shorter point than standard TAPTITE 2000[®] fasteners to maximize the full thread engagement in blind holes, particularly in non-ferrous materials.

TAPTITE 2000[®] "SP"[™] fasteners are primarily used in aluminum and therefore are supplied with CORFLEX[®]-'N' heat treatment to minimize the potential of stress corrosion. When used in steel material, TAPTITE 2000[®] "SP"[™] fasteners can be ordered with the case hardened or CORFLEX[®]-'I' heat treatment - see page 2 for details.

The short (2 - 2½) point of the TAPTITE 2000[®] "SP"[™] fastener increases the amount of full thread engagement in blind holes. Increasing the full thread engagement is often critical in shallow depth holes. In many cases the failure mode can be changed from internal nut threads stripping to the fastener breaking, which is usually desired in castings. In deeper holes, the shorter "SP" point may allow a shorter fastener, saving weight and cost.











TORQUE PERFORMANCE

The thread body lobulation and Radius Profile[™] thread design of TAPTITE 2000[®] fasteners provides torque-tension relationships similar to those that are achieved using machine screws.

Metric Sizes (mm)

Screw Size	Plate Thickness	Hole Size	Nearest Drill Size	Thread Forming Torque	Prevailing First Removal Torque	Recommended Assembly Torque	Failure Torque
	1.0	2.71	#36	0.25 - 0.40	0.15 - 0.25	1.00	1.65 - 2.2*
M3 x 0.5	2.0	2.77	7/64	0.30 - 0.50	0.15 - 0.25	1.00	1.75 - 2.75*
	3.0	2.77	7/64	0.45 - 0.70	0.20 - 0.35	1.60	2.75 - 3.85*+
	2.0	3.64	#27	0.55 - 0.75	0.25 - 0.35	1.80	3.10 - 4.2*
M4 x 0.7	3.0	3.68	3.7	0.80 - 1.15	0.45 - 0.60	3.30	6.05 - 8.25*
	4.0	3.70	3.7	1.10 - 1.45	0.50 - 0.70	4.30	7.70 - 11*+
	2.5	4.58	#15	1.15 - 1.80	0.50 - 0.70	2.80	5.85 - 8.8*
M5 x 0.8	3.5	4.64	#14	1.35 - 2.45	0.75 - 1.30	6.00	11.0 - 13.2*
	5.0	4.66	4.65mm	1.80 - 2.70	0.75 - 1.30	7.00	12.1 - 15.4+
	3.0	5.48	5.5mm	1.80 - 2.50	0.50 - 1.00	5.00	9.90 - 14.3*
M6 x 1.0	4.5	5.55	7/32	2.90 - 4.05	0.75 - 1.30	10.0	17.6 - 23.1*
	6.0	5.58	5.6mm	3.15 - 4.30	0.85 - 1.45	10.0	19.8 - 27.5*+
	4.0	7.35	L	4.30 - 6.30	1.30 - 2.40	20.0	36.3 - 46.2*
M8 x 1.25	6.0	7.43	7.4	4.95 - 8.55	1.85 - 3.05	28.0	47.3 - 58.3*
	8.0	7.47	М	6.30 - 10.8	3.5 - 5.0	30.0	60.5 - 71.5+
	5.0	9.22	9.2mm	9.9 - 13.5	4.5 - 6.0	30.0	58.3 - 69.3*
M10 x 1.5	8.0	9.32	9.3mm	12.6 - 17.1	5.0 - 7.5	45.0	88.0 - 101*
	10.0	9.37	U	13.5 - 19.8	6.0 - 10.0	55.0	101 - 112+
	6.0	11.09	7/16	20.7 - 26.1	6.0 - 11.0	60.0	119 - 143*
M12 x 1.75	9.0	11.20	7/16	22.5 - 27.9	7.5 - 13.0	65.0	127 - 149*
	12.0	11.26	11.3	27.0 - 34.2	11.0 - 17.0	100	193 - 220+

Notes:

1. All torque values - Nm

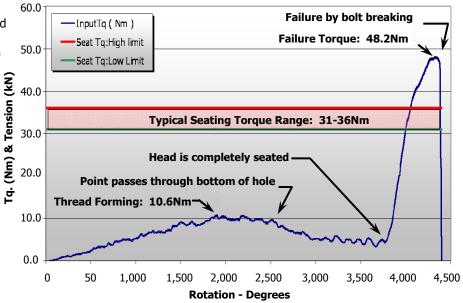
2. Performance was developed using Hex Flange head screws, zinc plated plus wax, driven at low speed under laboratory conditions into cold rolled steel test plates with plain flat steel washers under screw head to absorb tightening.

- Values shown represent the above conditions only and should be used in lieu of proper application testing. Having a thicker or thinner nut member, harder or softer material, different hole, can all contribute to variations in the torque performance listed.
- 4. Prevailing first removal torque, the torque necessary to remove the screw after the head has been unseated, is an indication of TAPTITE 2000[®] screws' inherent resistance to loosening under vibration, even without the screw head being seated.
- * Indicates probability nut threads will strip
 + indicates probability screw will break.

TAPTITE 2000[®] Fastener

Torque Performance in Through Hole

M8 - 1.00 TAPTITE 2000[®] Fastener - 8.0mm Steel, 7.45mm Hole







TAPTITE 2000[®] Fasteners Reduce the Cost of Assembly

2 Major Cost Savings Components Using TRILOBULAR[®] Fasteners

- Eliminates tapping and tapping related costs
- Eliminates cross threading

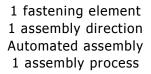
Advantages of Using TAPTITE 2000[®] Technology

- Reduces overall component cost
- Eases assembly resulting in less operator fatigue
- Speeds up assembly time
- Eliminates the need for add-on locking devices
- Supported by the customer's fastener suppliers
- Supported by REMINC/CONTI and fastener supplier personnel worldwide
- Procurement of TAPTITE 2000[®] products is available around the world





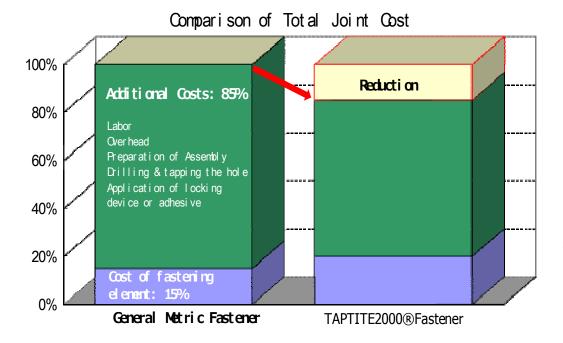
3 fastening elements 2 assembly directions Manual assembly (complex) 2 assembly processes



Standard Fastener Installation Components

- Labor
- Overhead
- Preparation of assembly
- Drilling and tapping the hole
- Application of locking device or adhesive
- Driving and tightening the screws

THESE COSTS MAKE UP THE **BIG 85**



This chart shows a <u>10% increase</u> in additional (assembly) costs results in an 8.5% increase in overall joint cost.

A <u>10% increase</u> in fastener (product) costs results in only a <u>1.5% increase</u> in overall joint cost.

There are no <u>cheap</u> or <u>expensive</u> fasteners. There are only <u>economic</u> or <u>uneconomic</u> methods of joining.

The <u>cheapest</u> fastener can become your <u>most expensive</u> joint.



